what is economics?

- * Is the study of the use of scarce resources (that have alternative uses
- *Basically there are people and people need resources to fulfill there desires so people need to make choices about how they use those scarce resources....economics study these resources.
 - * Economics is the study of money in another word for accounting

2 *Economics is also devided into two branchs:

- macroeconomics (large/ wide)
- * studies entire Economy (deals with the economy as a whole, instead of individual aspects

- Microeconomics (small/ narrow)
- * Studies individual Agents and markets

Each type Concerned with

- *macroeconomics covers:
- Total consumption
- Total investement
- National income
- Employement level
- Balance of trade and balance of payement
- General price level

*Microeconomics covers:

- Consumer behaviour
- Firm's behavior
- Factor pricing
- Industry location
- price of a product

Application:

- Macroeconomic:

 it applies to environment
 or external issues
- Micoeconomic:
 It applies to operational or internal issues

3 *Importance of Economics:

Macroeconomics:

 Maintains stability in the general price level and is helpful in solving problems of economy Microeconomics

 It as certain price of a product and other factors of production

4* Economy: is a system in which produce, sell, and buy things

- Wants: nice to have (phones, ball, a guitar..)
- Goods: are items that are tangible, objects we use; like your pen, your money,
- Needs: must have to survive (apple, house, water, cloths..)
- Services: an act done for someone, like flying, dentist