**University of OEB Academic Year: 2024/2025**

**Department of Economic Sciences**

**Third Year Licence Monetary and Banking Economics**

**Teacher: Miss M. Khames**

**Activities: Large Numbers in English**

**Activity One: Pronounce these numbers and write them in letters**

**125 =**

**980 =**

**2,300 =**

**14,500 =**

**75,200 =**

**184,000 =**

**320,500 =**

**1,000 =**

**4,750 =**

**16,800 =**

**45,990 =**

**102,300 =**

**560,000 =**

**2,650,000 =**

**12,100 =**

**3,400 =**

**76,890 =**

**999,000 =**

**543,210 =**

**2,500,000 =**

**Activity Two: Write 10 sentences in which you include numbers and expressions related to money.**

1. **……………………………………………………….**
2. **………………………………………………………..**
3. **………………………………………………………..**
4. **………………………………………………………..**
5. **………………………………………………………..**
6. **………………………………………………………..**
7. **………………………………………………………..**
8. **………………………………………………………..**
9. **………………………………………………………..**
10. **………………………………………………………..**

**Activity Three: Fill in the gaps with the correct term**

**Monetary policy, cost of living, exchange rate, interest rate, GDP (Gross Domestic Product), fiscal policy, inflation, government spending, money supply, economic recovery, taxes, stimulate the economy, currency.**

1. The government decided to increase the ………………. in order to stimulate the economy.
2. Due to inflation, the …………… of basic goods has increased by 5% over the past year.
3. The ……………. is crucial for maintaining price stability and controlling inflation.
4. A strong ………………. means that the country’s goods and services are cheaper for foreign buyers.
5. The central bank raised the interest rate to combat rising …………..
6. After the crisis, the country’s ………………… grew by 10%, helping the economy recover.
7. The country’s …………….. was negatively impacted by a drop in exports.
8. The government has allocated $50 billion to ………………… to create new jobs and infrastructure.
9. ……………… is the process of printing money to increase the supply in the economy, often leading to inflation.
10. The value of the ………… has been fluctuating due to political instability.
11. The government is focused on …………. to reduce poverty and increase thestandard of living.
12. ……………. is the total amount of money in circulation within a country’s economy.
13. If the ……………….. goes in favor of the US dollar, it can stimulate investment for foreign investors.
14. The government’s new tax policy aims to increase ………….. and reduce the national deficit.