

Larbi Ben Mh'idi University Oum el Boughi
Academic Year: 2023/2024
Department of Computer Science
Second Year L.M.D-Computer Science
Module: Mathematical Logic
Module Coordinator: Dr. Boussaha K.

TD Series No. = 01

Exercise 1

Let (P), (Q), and (R) be three propositions. Give the negation of:

- a) (P) and (not(Q) or (R))
- b) ((P) and (Q)) \Rightarrow (R)

Exercise 2

Let P P: "It is raining."

Negate the statements:

- a) P
- b) (P \wedge Q) where Q: "I have an umbrella."

Exercise 3

Among the following assertions, which are true, which are false, and why?

- 1. (2 < 3) and (2 divides 4)
- 2. (2 < 3) and (2 divides 5)
- 3. (2 < 3) or (2 divides 5)
- 4. (2 < 3) and not(2 divides 5)
- 5. not(2 < 3) or (2 divides 5)

Exercise 4

Evaluate the truth value of the expression (P \Rightarrow Q) \wedge (Q \Rightarrow R) for the following values:

P=T,Q=T,R=F

Exercise 5

Let the propositions (P) "I have my driver's license" and (Q) "I am over 18 years old."

Are the propositions (P) \Rightarrow (Q) and (Q) \Rightarrow (P) true?

What can we conclude?

Exercise 6

1. Show that the formula $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \Rightarrow \gamma$ is logically equivalent to the formula $\alpha \Rightarrow (\beta \Rightarrow \gamma)$, where α , β , and γ are any propositional variables.
2. Consider the formula $E = ((A \wedge B \wedge C) \Rightarrow (A \leftrightarrow (\neg B \vee C)))$, in which A, B, and C are propositional variables.
Determine a formula logically equivalent to E, written without any other connector symbols than \Rightarrow and \leftrightarrow .

Exercise 7:

Let A, B, and C be three assertions. For each of the following assertions:
Write its negation.

1. (A) and (not(B) or (R))
2. ((A) and (B)) \Rightarrow (C)
3. (A and not(B))
4. (A or not(B))
5. (A or (B and C))
6. (A and (B and C))
7. (A \Rightarrow not(B))
8. (A \Rightarrow (B))
9. (not(A or B) \Rightarrow C)
10. ((A and B) \Rightarrow not(C))

Exercise 8:

Construct the truth tables for the following formulas:

1. $\neg p \Rightarrow p \vee q$
2. $\neg p \vee \neg q$
3. $(P \vee Q) \wedge \neg R$

Exercise 9

If P: "I will study," Q: "I will pass," and R: "I will celebrate," write the compound statement and determine its truth value for P=T, Q=F, R=T

Statement: "If I study, then I will pass, and if I pass, then I will celebrate."