**Parts of Speech**

 In English words are generally divided into **eight different classes or Parts of Speech** according to the work they do in a sentence. These eight words are: nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions, and interjections.

1. **Nouns:** Nouns are words that stand for people, places, things, or ideas.
2. **Pronouns:** Words that take the place of nouns. Pronouns are classified as personal, relative, interrogative, demonstrative, and indefinite. E.g.: he, they, me, your, this, those, who, that, which, what, everybody, nobody…etc.
3. **Verbs:**  Verbs are words used to express action or a state of being for the subject of a sentence. Verbs can either be transitive, intransitive, or helping verbs. E.g.: eat, run, feel, seem, is having, ...etc.
4. **Adjective** : modifies/describes a noun or pronoun; answers the questions what kind? how many? which one?

 E.g. that boy is very handsome.

1. **Adverb:** modify/describes verbs, adjective, or other adverbs; answers the question how? when? where? or to what extent? E.g. he drives his car carefully.
2. **Prepositions:** prepositions link words in a sentence and show position or direction.

E.g. the keys are on the table.

1. **Conjunctions:** connects ideas or joins words, phrases, or clauses.

*E.g. Fred finished his math and science exercises.*

1. **Interjections:** word or phrase used to express strong emotion or surprise.

E.g. Oh, what a pity!