

% TP N°4 Numerical methods:

Dr. Rezzoug Imad

% Partial Differential Equations

% Finite-Difference Method for Parabolic PDEs: Heat equation

```
clc;  
clear all;  
close all;  
  
%Input  
f_fun = input('\n Input Function f=u(x,0) = ','s');  
f=inline(f_fun,'x');  
c1 = input('\n Enter c1=u(0,t) = ');  
c2 = input('\n Enter c2=u(a,t) = ');  
a = input('\n Enter right pt. of [0,a] = ');  
b = input('\n Enter right pt. of [0,b] = ');  
c = input('\n Enter the constant in the heat eqn. (c)= ');  
n = input ('\n Enter No. of grid pts. over [0,a] (n)= ');  
m = input (' \n Enter No. of grid pts. over [0,b] (m)= ');  
  
%Initialize parameters  
h=a/(n-1);  
k=b/(m-1);  
r=c^2*k/h^2;  
s=1-2*r;  
U=zeros(n,m);  
  
%Boundary conditions  
U(1,1:m)=c1;  
U(n,1:m)=c2;  
  
%Generate first row  
U(2:n-1,1)=feval(f,h:h:(n-2)*h);  
  
%Generate remaining rows of U  
for j=2:m  
    for i=2:n-1  
        U(i,j)=s*U(i,j-1)+r*(U(i-1,j-1)+U(i+1,j-1));  
    end  
end  
  
U=U'  
  
% Plotting the Approximate solution of the PDE.  
t=0:h:a ; x=0:k:b; mesh(t,x,U)
```

% TP N°6 Numerical methods:

Dr. Rezzoug Imad

% Partial Differential Equations

% Finite-Difference Method for Hyperbolic PDEs: Wave equation

```
clc;  
clear all;  
close all;  
  
%Input  
f_fun = input('\n Input Function f=u(x,0) = ','s');  
f=inline(f_fun,'x');  
g_fun = input('\n Input Function g=u_t(x,0) = ','s');  
g=inline(g_fun,'x');  
a = input('\n Enter right pt. of [0,a] = ');  
b = input('\n Enter right pt. of [0,b] = ');  
c = input('\n Enter the constant in the wave eqn. (c)= ');  
n = input ('\n Enter No. of grid pts. over [0,a], (n) = ');  
m = input (' \n Enter No. of grid pts. over [0,b], (m) = ');  
  
%Initialize parameters  
h=a/(n-1);  
k=b/(m-1);  
r=c*k/h;  
r2=r^2;  
r22=r^2/2;  
s1=1-r^2;  
s2=2-2*r^2;  
U=zeros(n,m);  
  
%Generate first and second rows  
for i=2:n-1  
    U(i,1)=feval(f,h*(i-1));  
    U(i,2)=s1*feval(f,h*(i-1))+k*feval(g,h*(i-1))+r22*(feval(f,h*i)+feval(f,h*(i-2)));  
end  
  
%Generate remaining rows of U  
for j=3:m  
    for i=2:(n-1)  
        U(i,j)=s2*U(i,j-1)+r2*(U(i-1,j-1)+U(i+1,j-1))-U(i,j-2);  
    end  
end  
  
U=U'  
  
% Plotting the Approximate solution of the PDE.  
t=0:h:a ; x=0:k:b; mesh(t,x,U)
```

% TP N°5 Numerical methods:

Dr. Rezzoug Imad

% Partial Differential Equations

% Finite-Difference Method for Parabolic PDEs: Heat equation

% Crank-Nicholson Method

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
%Input
f_fun = input('\n Input Function f=u(x,0) = ''s');
f=inline(f_fun,'x');
c1 = input('\n Enter c1=u(0,t) = ');
c2 = input('\n Enter c2=u(a,t) = ');
a = input('\n Enter right pt. of [0,a] = ');
b = input('\n Enter right pt. of [0,b] = ');
c = input('\n Enter the constant in the heat eqn. (c)= ');
n = input ('\n Enter No. of grid pts. over [0,a] (n)= ');
m = input ('\n Enter No. of grid pts. over [0,b] (m)= ');
%Initialize parameters
h=a/(n-1);
k=b/(m-1);
r=c^2*k/h^2;
s1=2+2/r;
s2=2/r-2;
U=zeros(n,m);
%Boundary conditions
U(1,1:m)=c1;
U(n,1:m)=c2;
%Generate first row
U(2:n-1,1)=feval(f,h:h:(n-2)*h)';
%Form and solve tridiagonal system AX=B
Vd(1,1:n)=s1*ones(1,n);
Vd(1)=1;
Vd(n)=1;
Va=-ones(1,n-1);
Va(n-1)=0;
Vc=-ones(1,n-1);
Vc(1)=0;
Vb(1)=c1;
Vb(n)=c2;
for j=2:m
    for i=2:n-1
        Vb(i)=U(i-1,j-1)+U(i+1,j-1)+s2*U(i,j-1);
    end
    X=trisys(Va,Vd,Vc,Vb);
    U(1:n,j)=X';
end
U=U'
% Plotting the Approximate solution of the PDE.
t=0:h:a ; x=0:k:b; mesh(t,x,U)
```

% TP N°5 Numerical methods:

Dr. Rezzoug Imad

% Partial Differential Equations

function X = trisys(A,D,C,B)

```
%-----%
%TRISYS Solution of a triangular linear system.
%      It is assumed that D and B have dimension n,
%      and that A and C have dimension n-1;
% Sample call
%  X = trisys(A,D,C,B)
% Inputs
%  A  sub diagonal vector
%  D  diagonal vector
%  C  super diagonal vector
%  B  right hand side vector
% Return
%  X  solution vector
%
% NUMERICAL METHODS: MATLAB Programs, (c) John H. Mathews
1995
% To accompany the text:
% NUMERICAL METHODS for Mathematics, Science and Engineering,
2nd Ed, 1992
% Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 07632, U.S.A.
% Prentice Hall, Inc.; USA, Canada, Mexico ISBN 0-13-624990-6
% Prentice Hall, International Editions: ISBN 0-13-625047-5
% This free software is compliments of the author.
% E-mail address: in%"mathews@fullerton.edu"
%
% Algorithm 9.10. (Finite-Difference Method).
% Section 9.9, Finite-Difference Method, Page 496
%-----%
```

```
n = length(B);
for k = 2:n,
    mult = A(k-1)/D(k-1);
    D(k) = D(k) - mult*C(k-1);
    B(k) = B(k) - mult*B(k-1);
end
X(n) = B(n)/D(n);
for k = (n-1):-1:1,
    X(k) = (B(k) - C(k)*X(k+1))/D(k);
end
```