

Course 05: Future forms

Future formation refers to the different grammatical structures used in English to talk about actions or events that will happen after the present moment. English has several ways to express the future, and the choice depends on the meaning, intention, or situation.

1. Future Simple with Will

The Future Simple with "will" is used to talk about spontaneous decisions, predictions, promises, and offers.

A. Affirmative

Subject + will + base verb

Example:

I will study tonight.

She will visit her grandmother tomorrow.

B. Negative

Subject + will not (won't) + base verb

Example:

I won't go to the party.

C. Interrogative (Questions)

Will + subject + base verb?

Example:

Will you help me?

Uses of "Will"

- Decisions made at the moment of speaking: I'm tired. I will rest.
- Predictions or opinions about the future: I think it will rain tomorrow.
- Promises or offers: I will help you with your homework.

2. Future with "Going to":

The structure "going to" is used for planned actions or intentions and for predictions based on evidence.

A. Affirmative

Subject + am / is / are + going to + base verb

Examples:

I am going to study tonight.

They are going to travel next week.

B. Negative

Subject + am / is / are + not + going to + verb

Example:

She is not going to attend the meeting.

C. Questions

Am / Is / Are + subject + going to + verb?

Example:

Are you going to watch the match?

Uses of "Going to"

- Plans and intentions: I am going to start a new project.
- Predictions based on evidence: Look at the clouds! It is going to rain.