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The Present Simple

1. Form:

Simple present	
Stem	
I	Stem
You (including plural) Stem
He She It	Stem + S or ES
We (plural)	Stem
They (plural)	Stem
Notes : PlayHe/ She	e plays >> (\mathbf{Y}) is Preceded by a Vowel (a)
StudyHe/ She studies >> (Y) is Preceded by a Consonant (d)	
Look He/ Sh	ne looks (l<i>ookes</i>)
Come He/ She comes (<i>comees</i>)	

2. Uses of simple present:

a. Repeated actions, habits, and routines

- We leave for work at 7.30 every morning.

- They *usually* **play** football on Sunday.

Note: the simple present is often used with adverbs of frequency (often, usually, rarely, never, frequently, every week, from time to time...)

b. Facts and generalizations:

The simple present can be used to indicate that the speakers believes that a fact was true before, is true now, and will be true in the future. It is also used to make generalizations about people or things.

-Cats like milk.

-He talks a lot.

-Berlin **is** the capital city of Germany.

*Importantly, the simple present is used to express general, universal, true and scientific statements.

-The Earth **goes round** the Sun.

-Calcium **is** important to the formation of strong bones.

c. Stative/ Non-continuous verbs:

-She needs help.

-We **know** that man.

-I like swimming.

d. Permanent situation:

Use the simple present to talk about situations in life that last a relatively long time.

-He lives in Boston.

-He works as a fireman.

e. Scheduled events in the near future:

-The bus leaves tonight.

-Courses **start** next week.

Ref. (...)